

Linea Rollup Update

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1 Executive Summary

This report presents the results of our engagement with **Linea** to review **Linea Rollup Update**.

The review was conducted over two weeks, from **November 25, 2024** to **December 6, 2024**, by **Rai Yang** and **Vladislav Yaroshuk**. A total of 20 person-days were spent.

We reviewed the updates implemented between the current commit and the previous audit [commit](#). The key updates include:

High priority changes

- Adjust Blob Submission and Finalization Events to be State Reconstruction compatible.
- Create granular roles for contracts V2: - does not include TokenBridge.
- Granular Roles for TokenBridge V2.
- Remove `finalizeBlocksWithoutProof`.
- Allow any address to finalize blocks if no finalization happened in the last 6 months.

Medium priority changes

- Bump solidity version to 0.8.26 across the repository.
- Return better error when verifier fails.
- Optimize message and new token creation hashing.

Low priority changes

- Apply Diligence Findings From Last Audit Round.
- Initialize-L2-MinimumFee.
- Ratelimiter ignores reset when affected amount is zero.
- Add leaf index check in sparse merkle tree verifier.
- Cleanup errors and interfaces.
- Complete contracts recommendation.

2 Scope

Our review focused on the difference between commit hash `b17e7c79b5647e47c175c6367dea30c3f1c66738` and commit hash `adb097aff4d7d32da843b16c9e1c1b21eecbf955`. The list of files in scope can be found in the [Appendix](#).

2.1 Objectives

Together with the **Linea** team, we identified the following priorities for our review:

1. Correctness of the implementation, consistent with the intended functionality and without unintended edge cases.
2. Identify known vulnerabilities particular to smart contract systems, as outlined in our [Smart Contract Best Practices](#), and the [Smart Contract Weakness Classification Registry](#).

3 Security Specification

This section describes, **from a security perspective**, the expected behavior of the system under audit. It is not a substitute for documentation. The purpose of this section is to identify specific security properties that were validated by the audit team.

3.1 Actors

The relevant actors with their respective abilities that are changed are listed below:

- Operator: Submits block data either by blobs or compressed data to L1 contract depending on the gas cost.
- Fallback Operator: Will be granted Operator role if blocks hasn't been finalized for 6 month, can't renounce himself.
- Security Council: Grants and revokes roles.
- Custom roles which can be set up in the `PauseManager` contract during initialization with the access to pause and unpause different functionality.

3.2 Trust Model

In any system, it's important to identify what trust is expected/required between various actors. For this audit, we established the trust model remains unchanged from the previous versions

3.3 Security Properties

The following is a non-exhaustive list of security properties that were reviewed in this audit:

Date	December 2024
Auditors	Rai Yang, Vladislav Yaroshuk

- EIP-4844 blob submission, validation and finalization is correct and sound. Particularly the removed block numbers in the blob/calldata submission are verified in the proof in the finalization.
- Proof verification is sound (public input generation).
- Storage layout is not broken.
- Changes to the Shnarf for data submission cardinality is correct and sound.
- Efficient hashing for data submission, public input, Shnarf and last finalized state is correct.
- All the roles are not compromised and are being operated correctly.

4 Findings

Each issue has an assigned severity:

- **Minor** issues are subjective in nature. They are typically suggestions around best practices or readability. Code maintainers should use their own judgment as to whether to address such issues.
- **Medium** issues are objective in nature but are not security vulnerabilities. These should be addressed unless there is a clear reason not to.
- **Major** issues are security vulnerabilities that may not be directly exploitable or may require certain conditions in order to be exploited. All major issues should be addressed.
- **Critical** issues are directly exploitable security vulnerabilities that need to be fixed.

4.1 Hardcoded GENESIS_SHNARF Is Incompatible With New Networks Medium Acknowledged

Description

In the `initialize` function of the `LineaRollup` contract, the genesis `shnarf` (`GENESIS_SHNARF`) is hard-coded, it cannot work with new networks that has a different genesis `shnarf` without modifying the contract, thus restricts the contract's adaptability and interoperability across different networks.

Examples

`contracts/contracts/LineaRollup.sol:L143-L143`

```
currentFinalizedShnarf = GENESIS_SHNARF;
```

`contracts/contracts/LineaRollup.sol:L398-L414`

```
function _computeShnarf(
    bytes32 _parentShnarf,
    bytes32 _snarkHash,
    bytes32 _finalStateRootHash,
    bytes32 _dataEvaluationPoint,
    bytes32 _dataEvaluationClaim
) internal pure returns (bytes32 shnarf) {
    assembly {
        let mPtr := mload(0x40)
        mstore(mPtr, _parentShnarf)
        mstore(add(mPtr, 0x20), _snarkHash)
        mstore(add(mPtr, 0x40), _finalStateRootHash)
        mstore(add(mPtr, 0x60), _dataEvaluationPoint)
        mstore(add(mPtr, 0x80), _dataEvaluationClaim)
        shnarf := keccak256(mPtr, 0xA0)
    }
}
```

Recommendation

Remove the hard-coded genesis `shnarf`, compute it from a parameter passed in the `initialize` function (`_initializationData.initialStateRootHash`).

4.2 Missing Validation for Fallback Operator Address Medium

Description

In the `initialize` function of the `LineaRollup` contract, there is no validation for fallback operator address (`_initializationData.fallbackOperator`) to be non zero. As a result, the fall back operator would fail to work in case of Linea stops submitting blobs and finalizing for 6 months.

Examples

`contracts/contracts/LineaRollup.sol:L135`

```
fallbackOperator = _initializationData.fallbackOperator;
```

Recommendation

Add the missing non-zero validation for fallback operator address.

4.3 Missing Validation for chainID in TokenBridge Contract Medium

Description

In the `initialize` function of the `TokenBridge` contract, the source `chainID` (`_initializationData.sourceChainId`) and target chain ID (`_initializationData.targetChainId`) of the bridge is not validated to be distinct and neither is set to zero. As a result, incorrect chain ID

will be set or identical chain IDs for the source and target chains, which fundamentally compromises the functionality of the bridge by allowing for the possibility of erroneous or unintended bridge operations.

Examples

contracts/contracts/tokenBridge/TokenBridge.sol:L160-L161

```
sourceChainId = _initializationData.sourceChainId;
targetChainId = _initializationData.targetChainId;
```

Recommendation

Add the validation for source and target chain ID to ensure they are distinct and non-zero.

4.4 Missing Validation for `defaultAdmin` in Contract Initialization Medium

Description

In the `initialize` function of both the `LineaRollup` and `TokenBridge` contract, the `DEFAULT_ADMIN_ROLE` role of the contract is granted to `_initializationData.defaultAdmin`, which is presumed to be security council account. However there is no validation checks to ensure that `_initializationData.defaultAdmin` is not a zero address. The absence of such validation could potentially result in the contracts being initialized without a designated Admin, compromising the permission management system within these contracts and leaving the contracts vulnerable to unauthorized access and manipulation.

Examples

contracts/contracts/LineaRollup.sol:L129

```
_grantRole(DEFAULT_ADMIN_ROLE, _initializationData.defaultAdmin);
```

contracts/contracts/tokenBridge/TokenBridge.sol:L155

```
_grantRole(DEFAULT_ADMIN_ROLE, _initializationData.defaultAdmin);
```

Recommendation

Add validation of non zero address for `_initializationData.defaultAdmin` in the `initialize` function for both the `LineaRollup` and `TokenBridge` contracts.

4.5 Ability to Pause and Unpause Using `UNUSED` Pause Type Minor

Description

The `pauseByType` and `unPauseByType` functions allow pausing and unpausing functionality by specifying a `PauseType` value. However, the `UNUSED` pause type, which is intended as a default value, can still be used in these functions. This creates a potential issue where someone could unintentionally pause or unpause using the `UNUSED` type and the transaction will successfully pass, which can make the authorised role think that the execution has been paused with the `GENERAL` type, but it will have no effect to the system.

Examples

contracts/contracts/lib/PauseManager.sol:L110-L136

```
/**
 * @notice Pauses functionality by specific type.
 * @dev Requires the role mapped in `_pauseTypeRoles` for the pauseType.
 * @param _pauseType The pause type value.
 */
function pauseByType(PauseType _pauseType) external onlyRole(_pauseTypeRoles[_pauseType]) {
    if (isPaused(_pauseType)) {
        revert IsPaused(_pauseType);
    }

    _pauseTypeStatusesBitMap |= 1 << uint256(_pauseType);
    emit Paused(_msgSender(), _pauseType);
}

/**
 * @notice Unpauses functionality by specific type.
 * @dev Requires the role mapped in `_unPauseTypeRoles` for the pauseType.
 * @param _pauseType The pause type value.
 */
function unPauseByType(PauseType _pauseType) external onlyRole(_unPauseTypeRoles[_pauseType]) {
    if (!isPaused(_pauseType)) {
        revert IsNotPaused(_pauseType);
    }

    _pauseTypeStatusesBitMap &= ~(1 << uint256(_pauseType));
    emit UnPaused(_msgSender(), _pauseType);
}
```

Recommendation

Add validation to the `pauseByType` and `unPauseByType` functions to prevent the use of the `UNUSED` pause type.

4.6 Redundant Validation of Block Number in Finalization Minor

Description

In the `_finalizeBlocks` function of the `LineaRollup` contract, the latest block number (`_finalizationData.endBlockNumber`) in the finalization is validated that it's greater than the last finalized block number (`_lastFinalizedBlock`) to ensure the block number sequence is correct during the finalization process. However the block number sequence is already verified in the proof along with the state in the finalization. Therefore this validation to compare the latest and last finalized block numbers is unnecessary.

Examples

contracts/contracts/LineaRollup.sol:L507-L509

```
if (_finalizationData.endBlockNumber <= _lastFinalizedBlock) {
    revert FinalBlockNumberLessThanOrEqualToLastFinalizedBlock(_finalizationData.endBlockNumber, _lastFinalizedBlock);
}
```

contracts/contracts/LineaRollup.sol:L486-L494

```
uint256 publicInput = _computePublicInput(
    _finalizationData,
    lastFinalizedShnarf,
    finalShnarf,
    lastFinalizedBlockNumber,
    _finalizationData.endBlockNumber
);

_verifyProof(publicInput, _proofType, _aggregatedProof);
```

Recommendation

Remove the validation to compare the latest and last finalized block numbers in `_finalizeBlocks`.

4.7 Redundant Parameter in the `_computePublicInput` Minor

Description

In the function `_computePublicInput` of the `LineaRollup` contract, the parameter `_endBlockNumber` is redundant as it's included in the parameter `_finalizationData`, the function can load the parameter from `_finalizationData` directly.

Examples

contracts/contracts/LineaRollup.sol:L683-L689

```
function _computePublicInput(
    FinalizationDataV3 calldata _finalizationData,
    bytes32 _lastFinalizedShnarf,
    bytes32 _finalShnarf,
    uint256 _lastFinalizedBlockNumber,
    uint256 _endBlockNumber
) private pure returns (uint256 publicInput) {
```

contracts/contracts/interfaces/I1/ILineaRollup.sol:L102-L115

```
struct FinalizationDataV3 {
    bytes32 parentStateRootHash;
    uint256 endBlockNumber;
    ShnarfData shnarfData;
    uint256 lastFinalizedTimestamp;
    uint256 finalTimestamp;
    bytes32 lastFinalizedL1RollingHash;
    bytes32 l1RollingHash;
    uint256 lastFinalizedL1RollingHashMessageNumber;
    uint256 l1RollingHashMessageNumber;
    uint256 l2MerkleTreesDepth;
    bytes32[] l2MerkleRoots;
    bytes l2MessagingBlocksOffsets;
}
```

Recommendation

Remove the parameter `_endBlockNumber` and load it from `_finalizationData` inside the function using `calldatacopy`

4.8 Redundant `Initializable` Import

Description

The `LineaRollup` contract redundantly imports `Initializable` from OpenZeppelin:

contracts/contracts/LineaRollup.sol:L4

```
import { Initializable } from "@openzeppelin/contracts-upgradeable/proxy/utils/Initializable.sol";
```

However, `Initializable` is already inherited through `AccessControlUpgradeable`, which includes the `Initializable` contract in its own inheritance hierarchy:

```
abstract contract AccessControlUpgradeable is Initializable, ContextUpgradeable, IAccessControlUpgradeable, ERC165Upgradeable
```


The `PermissionsManager` contract, `ZkEvmV2` contract, `PauseManager` contract, `L1MessageServiceV1` contract, `L2MessageManagerV1` contract, `RateLimiter` contract, `TokenBridge` contract are also redundantly imports `Initializable` contract:

contracts/contracts/lib/PermissionsManager.sol:L4-L14

```
import { Initializable } from "@openzeppelin/contracts-upgradeable/proxy/utils/Initializable.sol";
import { AccessControlUpgradeable } from "@openzeppelin/contracts-upgradeable/access/AccessControlUpgradeable.sol";
import { IGenericErrors } from "../interfaces/IGenericErrors.sol";
import { IPermissionsManager } from "../interfaces/IPermissionsManager.sol";

/**
 * @title Contract to manage permissions initialization.
 * @author ConsenSys Software Inc.
 * @custom:security-contact security-report@linea.build
 */
abstract contract PermissionsManager is Initializable, AccessControlUpgradeable, IPermissionsManager, IGenericErrors {
```

contracts/contracts/tokenBridge/TokenBridge.sol:L14

```
import { Initializable } from "@openzeppelin/contracts-upgradeable/proxy/utils/Initializable.sol";
```

contracts/contracts/ZkEvmV2.sol:L4

```
import { Initializable } from "@openzeppelin/contracts-upgradeable/proxy/utils/Initializable.sol";
```

contracts/contracts/messageService/lib/RateLimiter.sol:L4

```
import { Initializable } from "@openzeppelin/contracts-upgradeable/proxy/utils/Initializable.sol";
```

contracts/contracts/messageService/l1/v1/L1MessageServiceV1.sol:L4

```
import { Initializable } from "@openzeppelin/contracts-upgradeable/proxy/utils/Initializable.sol";
```

contracts/contracts/messageService/l2/v1/L2MessageServiceV1.sol:L4

```
import { Initializable } from "@openzeppelin/contracts-upgradeable/proxy/utils/Initializable.sol";
```

This duplicate import is unnecessary and increases code complexity without providing additional functionality.

Recommendation

We recommend removing the redundant `Initializable` import, this cleanup will reduce unnecessary imports, improving code clarity and maintainability. The contract will still compile correctly as the `Initializable` features are inherited through `AccessControlUpgradeable` or other contracts.

4.9 Use of `abi.encodeWithSelector` Instead of `abi.encodeCall`

Description

The `_verifyProof` function uses `abi.encodeWithSelector` to encode the function call data for the `call` operation with the verifier contract. While this approach is functional, it lacks the compile-time type safety provided by `abi.encodeCall`, introduced in Solidity version `0.8.11`. The absence of type checking increases the risk of encoding errors due to mismatches between the expected and actual types, which could lead to runtime failures.

Examples

contracts/contracts/ZkEvmV2.sol:L51-L53

```
(bool callSuccess, bytes memory result) = verifierToUse.call(
    abi.encodeWithSelector(IPlonkVerifier.Verify.selector, _proof, publicInput)
);
```

Recommendation

Replace `abi.encodeWithSelector` with `abi.encodeCall` to leverage compile-time type checking and [adhere to Solidity best practices](#):

```
(bool callSuccess, bytes memory result) = verifierToUse.call(
    abi.encodeCall(IPlonkVerifier.Verify, (_proof, publicInput))
);
```

4.10 Lack of Role Reconfiguration Mechanism in `PauseManager`

Description

The `__PauseManager_init` function is used to initialize the pause and unpauses roles during `PauseManager` contract deployment. However, the design does not include a mechanism to reconfigure or update these roles after initialization, the initialization function is the only one which can modify `_pauseTypeRoles` and `_unPauseTypeRoles` mappings. If a role is compromised, there is no way to revoke or reassign it, potentially allowing malicious actors to pause or unpauses the system indefinitely, as well as if roles are

configured incorrectly during initialization or not configured at all, for example if the pause role has been configured and unpause role hasn't, the only recourse is to redeploy the contract, which is costly and operationally challenging.

Examples

contracts/contracts/lib/PauseManager.sol:L13-L18

```
abstract contract PauseManager is Initializable, IPauseManager, AccessControlUpgradeable {
    /// @notice This is used to pause all pausable functions.
    bytes32 public constant PAUSE_ALL_ROLE = keccak256("PAUSE_ALL_ROLE");

    /// @notice This is used to unpause all unpausable functions.
    bytes32 public constant UNPAUSE_ALL_ROLE = keccak256("UNPAUSE_ALL_ROLE");
}
```

contracts/contracts/lib/PauseManager.sol:L61-L80

```
/**
 * @notice Initializes the pause manager with the given pause and unpause roles.
 * @dev This function is called during contract initialization to set up the pause and unpause roles.
 * @param _pauseTypeRoleAssignments An array of PauseTypeRole structs defining the pause types and their associated roles.
 * @param _unpauseTypeRoleAssignments An array of PauseTypeRole structs defining the unpause types and their associated roles.
 */
function __PauseManager_init(
    PauseTypeRole[] calldata _pauseTypeRoleAssignments,
    PauseTypeRole[] calldata _unpauseTypeRoleAssignments
) internal onlyInitializing {
    for (uint256 i; i < _pauseTypeRoleAssignments.length; i++) {
        _pauseTypeRoles[_pauseTypeRoleAssignments[i].pauseType] = _pauseTypeRoleAssignments[i].role;
        emit PauseTypeRoleSet(_pauseTypeRoleAssignments[i].pauseType, _pauseTypeRoleAssignments[i].role);
    }

    for (uint256 i; i < _unpauseTypeRoleAssignments.length; i++) {
        _unPauseTypeRoles[_unpauseTypeRoleAssignments[i].pauseType] = _unpauseTypeRoleAssignments[i].role;
        emit UnPauseTypeRoleSet(_unpauseTypeRoleAssignments[i].pauseType, _unpauseTypeRoleAssignments[i].role);
    }
}
```

Recommendation

We recommend reviewing the architecture and adding configuration functions if necessary, for example:

```
function updatePauseRole(uint256 pauseType, bytes32 newRole) external onlyRole(PAUSE_ALL_ROLE) {
    require(newRole != bytes32(0), "Invalid role");
    _pauseTypeRoles[pauseType] = newRole;
    emit PauseTypeRoleSet(pauseType, newRole);
}

function updateUnpauseRole(uint256 pauseType, bytes32 newRole) external onlyRole(UNPAUSE_ALL_ROLE) {
    require(newRole != bytes32(0), "Invalid role");
    _unPauseTypeRoles[pauseType] = newRole;
    emit UnPauseTypeRoleSet(pauseType, newRole);
}
```

This would allow for dynamic role reconfiguration while maintaining security through appropriate access controls.

4.11 Lack of Restriction for Overwriting Existing Verifier Addresses in `setVerifierAddress`

Description

The `setVerifierAddress` function allows the role with `VERIFIER_SETTER_ROLE` to update the verifier address for a given proof type to set it, while with the `unsetVerifierAddress` function the `VERIFIER_UNSETTER_ROLE` has an access to unset this value. While the access for management of setter and unsetter function is designed to be separated, there are no restrictions for `VERIFIER_SETTER_ROLE` preventing the overwriting of existing verifier addresses with arbitrary values, such as dead addresses (`0xdead`) and by doing that successfully unsetting the verifier contract. Separating roles enhance security of the protocol, as if the `VERIFIER_SETTER_ROLE` is compromised, it shouldn't be able to unset the verifier blocking all of the execution, but with the current design the setter role can unset values to other dead addresses, only except for zero address, making the `VERIFIER_UNSETTER_ROLE` role and `unsetVerifierAddress` function almost redundant, and `VERIFIER_SETTER_ROLE` role overpowered.

Examples

contracts/contracts/LineaRollup.sol:L30-L34

```
/// @notice The role required to set/add proof verifiers by type.
bytes32 public constant VERIFIER_SETTER_ROLE = keccak256("VERIFIER_SETTER_ROLE");

/// @notice The role required to set/remove proof verifiers by type.
bytes32 public constant VERIFIER_UNSETTER_ROLE = keccak256("VERIFIER_UNSETTER_ROLE");
```

contracts/contracts/LineaRollup.sol:L189-L204

```

/**
 * @notice Adds or updates the verifier contract address for a proof type.
 * @dev VERIFIER_SETTER_ROLE is required to execute.
 * @param _newVerifierAddress The address for the verifier contract.
 * @param _proofType The proof type being set/updated.
 */
function setVerifierAddress(address _newVerifierAddress, uint256 _proofType) external onlyRole(VERIFIER_SETTER_ROLE) {
    if (_newVerifierAddress == address(0)) {
        revert ZeroAddressNotAllowed();
    }

    emit VerifierAddressChanged(_newVerifierAddress, _proofType, msg.sender, verifiers[_proofType]);

    verifiers[_proofType] = _newVerifierAddress;
}

```

contracts/contracts/LineaRollup.sol:L229-L238

```

/**
 * @notice Unset the verifier contract address for a proof type.
 * @dev VERIFIER_UNSETTER_ROLE is required to execute.
 * @param _proofType The proof type being set/updated.
 */
function unsetVerifierAddress(uint256 _proofType) external onlyRole(VERIFIER_UNSETTER_ROLE) {
    emit VerifierAddressChanged(address(0), _proofType, msg.sender, verifiers[_proofType]);

    delete verifiers[_proofType];
}

```

Recommendation

We recommend reviewing current roles, and if needed restricting the ability to overwrite existing verifier addresses to cases where the current address is unset (`address(0)`). For example:

```

if (verifiers[_proofType] != address(0)) {
    revert("Cannot overwrite existing verifier address");
}

```

Appendix 1 - Files in Scope

This audit covered the following files:

File	SHA-1 hash
contracts/contracts/LineaRollup.sol	7a894ebf3c265ec95c30fd103cd36f81094b49b0
contracts/contracts/ZkEvmV2.sol	331303e4817f53dfc562a8576d3a0a4df1be5e72
contracts/contracts/interfaces/IGenericErrors.sol	18b23eff87ee67397ba14c605d4c9032b4c92f9f
contracts/contracts/interfaces/IMessageService.sol	55a04ced3aa0fbc64df5723a10e27f7bef0d4532
contracts/contracts/interfaces/IPauseManager.sol	f98f815e0b287660c184371c27119a583fe21f02
contracts/contracts/interfaces/IPermissionsManager.sol	194ee54bf6aab3b7d27c7077c368e13c773bf888
contracts/contracts/interfaces/IRateLimiter.sol	35eaa8b555e3d6a6af9223a1f834d6d50a65336e
contracts/contracts/interfaces/I1/IL1MessageManager.sol	aa292bdfc1f97dcc22038b3b3eaeadd969a4ff9
contracts/contracts/interfaces/I1/IL1MessageManagerV1.sol	2bb90a7c41abe1e40c39fbc1f522dee69486d1
contracts/contracts/interfaces/I1/IL1MessageService.sol	7b662cb6a858ee4f30fec25300c094680fed221f
contracts/contracts/interfaces/I1/IL1LineaRollup.sol	7ae593a1580e5db2e73f7f58298e7ae7bc96987f
contracts/contracts/interfaces/I1/IPlonkVerifier.sol	641a36cf60115831e77705c4b16783b0255ff917
contracts/contracts/interfaces/I1/IZkEvmV2.sol	dd1d4a9fe0ea51b3dc692b8f9fa761a2f0069d92
contracts/contracts/interfaces/I2/IL2MessageManager.sol	2da34026dc6365bd7be5fc3b96540536538a51ad
contracts/contracts/interfaces/I2/IL2MessageManagerV1.sol	437fb3c7195fb0207cd688ba5823eecac4479e76
contracts/contracts/interfaces/I2/IL2MessageServiceV1.sol	facddf5d0218a48f490c5eb3ca83be2c27d6453e
contracts/contracts/interfaces/tools/IRecoverFunds.sol	f89f0106cab16caefeea3c171fa462e62a7f0bdf
contracts/contracts/lib/L2MessageServicePauseManager.sol	623db409585f55e0dd8e896d89f6f4999c9d4978
contracts/contracts/lib/LineaRollupPauseManager.sol	4ec42e07c7e018612dbafe9299c50560078646b3

File	SHA-256 Hash
contracts/contracts/lib/Mimc.sol	856e99a7545e99472afd9325b0f7eadc08d60161
contracts/contracts/lib/PauseManager.sol	b296ed26d1ac2f204dfc47e99e8b75c50971f67a
contracts/contracts/lib/PermissionsManager.sol	033839cd54c37a497ef89330a2e2d72c11735073
contracts/contracts/lib/SparseMerkleProof.sol	6b7dfac8eac9751dbebbb412debbe90c29310889
contracts/contracts/lib/TokenBridgePauseManager.sol	2feddbeca5e7d68747845c91c808a23dd1c03033
contracts/contracts/lib/Utils.sol	e135639686ae118a11f6a888dff41dc1a5930e46
contracts/contracts/messageService/MessageServiceBase.sol	671d90ec76b19ad5ae5f77cba0253b657efc67e2
contracts/contracts/messageService/l1/L1MessageManager.sol	1871ef73ccf7a9cc97fd4f499c6b6344f6b07044
contracts/contracts/messageService/l1/L1MessageService.sol	fc0614ebfb585a198c423032da28679b2ec5213e
contracts/contracts/messageService/l1/TransientStorageReentrancyGuardUpgradeable.sol	1b53ca2fd5bb3fc73528dc44ef6571c4af43fa87
contracts/contracts/messageService/l1/v1/L1MessageManagerV1.sol	783a7d6252389c8bf56b69dbe419362991e6aad7
contracts/contracts/messageService/l1/v1/L1MessageServiceV1.sol	0252df1c5d26f62a7e92260bde86258ed5b71089
contracts/contracts/messageService/l2/L2MessageManager.sol	bbb518b840193744b31a2e48e80d91e9ecd65f91
contracts/contracts/messageService/l2/L2MessageService.sol	650739fb35afdc23d8674d7fafe81ad33d355788
contracts/contracts/messageService/l2/v1/L2MessageManagerV1.sol	4378c1c86af94a9fae3281378a8c1ebf20da4e46
contracts/contracts/messageService/l2/v1/L2MessageServiceV1.sol	9aba0872221f92aad2f9a55110a4d8a5273eaa70
contracts/contracts/messageService/lib/MessageHashing.sol	dda45a57a2d69b7d2440268f71b235135d1424bf
contracts/contracts/messageService/lib/RateLimiter.sol	d663a362609adcf25337e26f51e89df1cba57d0f
contracts/contracts/messageService/lib/SparseMerkleTreeVerifier.sol	03575245f18630c3ed07b3f0fffd11b55dffa01c7
contracts/contracts/messageService/lib/TimeLock.sol	4c841f496a82760960ee0a9edd461a75e77441ae
contracts/contracts/messageService/lib/TransientStorageHelpers.sol	aa99759259b16636999e38befd51b28aa8fb0728
contracts/contracts/tokenBridge/BridgedToken.sol	7a4f73f0acb2a3c21f3e1bd79fd9897b241bd2b
contracts/contracts/tokenBridge/CustomBridgedToken.sol	c6955bf390214a34a3b8a6695966a5e0aa3acfc2
contracts/contracts/tokenBridge/TokenBridge.sol	5d7f050fc72154effaa498966751b188dfffa16f4
contracts/contracts/tokenBridge/interfaces/ITokenBridge.sol	02de301c1249e89749830ce315456c1a2cded6e1
contracts/contracts/tokenBridge/lib/StorageFiller39.sol	aaa5dc0cf4ad750b280f7da908497e59c4c8332f

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